

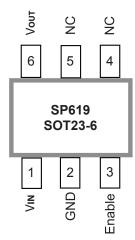
High Current Power Switch

FEATURES

- Max RDS(ON) .377 Ohms
- Overcurrent deactivation 800mA
- Max leakage current less than 2µA while deactivated
- Small 6 pin SOT-23 package
- Built-in Over-temperature Protection
- Wide Input voltage range 2.5V to 7V

APPLICATIONS

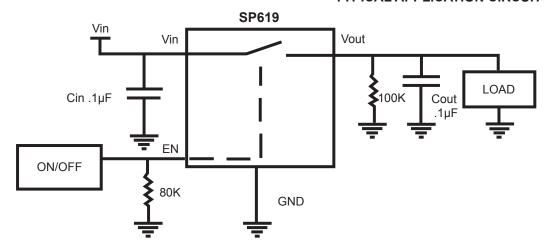
- · Ultra low cost handsets
- PDA, DSC, MP3 players
- Cell phones
- Power Distribution Switch
- · Battery-Charger Circuit



. DESCRIPTION

The SP619 is a low RDS(ON) high current switch designed with precision current limiting to protect connected devices from damage due to a short circuit condition or against current surges that may cause the supply voltages to fall out of regulation. This switch operates from an input voltage range of 2.5V to 7V, making it ideal for 3V and 5V applications. The SP619 is also protected from thermal overload which limits power dissipation. In shutdown mode, the supply current drops to $2\mu A$.

TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these ratings or any other above those indicated in the operation sections of the specifications below is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods of time may affect reliability.

VIN	0.3V to 7V
Storage Temperature65	5°C to 150°C
Junction Temperature	150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec)	300°C
ESD RATING	
Human Body Model	2000V
Machine Model	200V
OPERATING RATINGS	
Thermal resistance SOT23-6	
Junction to Ambient	191°C
Junction to lead	50°C

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Unless otherwise specified: V_{IN} = 2.5V - 7V. C_{IN} = 0.1µF. T_A = -40°C to + 85°C

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP (Note 1)	MAX	UNITS
Operating Input Voltage Range		2.5		7	V
Overcurrent Deactivation Range	EN=1.5V	725	800	1010	mA
Overcurrent Duration Before Deactivation	EN=1.5V	1		5.25	ms
Shutdown Supply Current	VIN=4.2V			2	μA
Quiescent Supply Current	EN=1.5V V _{IN} =4.2V Iout=0mA			350	μА
Quiescent Supply Current	EN=1.5V VIN=4.2V IOUT=725mA			5.25	mA
RDS(ON)	VIN=2.5V Iоит=100mA EN=1.5V			.377	Ω
Post Fault Output Load for Recovery	Enable=1.5V	10	15	23	ΚΩ
Post Fault Activation Turn On Time	Enable=1.5V	1		55	ms
Thermal Shutdown Die Temperature	SP619 will self recover when temperature drops below the trip point .	120	150	180	°C
Thermal Restart Die Temperature		90	120	135	°C
ENABLE Logic LOW	Driver is disabled			.5	V
ENABLE Pin Logic HIGH	Driver is active	.655		1.4	V
Turn On Delay	R _L =100kΩ, C _L = 0.01μF (Note 2,3)			600	μs
Turn Off Delay	R _L =100kΩ, C _L = 0.01μF (Note 2,4)			200	μs
Rise Time	R _L =100kΩ, C _L = 0.01μF (Note 2)			100	μs
Fall Time	R _L =100kΩ, C _L = 0.01μF (Note 2)			2500	μs

Note 1: Typicals are T_J=25°C

Note 2: Characterized, not 100% tested

Note 3: Turn on delay is measured from the time the enable pin is turned on to the time it takes the output to rise to 10% of its final value.

Note 4: Turn off delay is measured from the time the enable pin is turned to the time it takes for the output to fall to 90% of its current value.

FAULT AND RECOVERY TRUTH TABLE*

Enable	Load	Temperature (TJ)	Previous State	Switch	Current State/Fault (Note*)
Low	Х	Х	Х	Open	Off
High	< 800 mA	< 163°C	Off	Closed	Normal
High	< 800 mA	> 163°C	Off	Open	Thermal Cutoff
High	> 800 mA	< 163°C	Off	Open	Overcurrent
High	> 800 mA	> 163°C	Off	Open	Thermal Cutoff, Overcurrent
High	< 15kΩ	< 163°C	Overcurrent	Open	Load Condition
High	< 15kΩ	> 163°C	Overcurrent	Open	Thermal Cutoff, Overcurrent, Load Condition
High	> 15kΩ	< 163°C	Overcurrent	Closed	Normal
High	> 15kΩ	> 163°C	Overcurrent	Open	Thermal Cutoff
High	< 15kΩ	< 120°C	Thermal Cutoff	Open	Load Condition
High	< 15kΩ	> 120°C	Thermal Cutoff	Open	Load Condition, Thermal Cutoff
High	> 15kΩ	< 120°C	Thermal Cutoff	Closed	Normal
High	> 15kΩ	> 120°C	Thermal Cutoff	Open	Thermal Cutoff

^{*}Note: This table is for fault conditions, not for continuous operation, else damage to the device may occur. In order to recover to the normal state after a Thermal Cutoff fault, the part's junction temperature must decrease below 120°C and the load on its output must be greater than $15k\Omega$.

. PIN ASSIGNMENTS

PIN NUMBER	PIN NAME	FUNCTION
1	Vin	Input power supply pin (2.5V to 7.0V)
2	GND	Ground connection
3	Enable	A logic high turns on the switch
4	NC	No connect
5	NC	No connect
6	Vouт	Switch output

The SP619 is a switch capable of handling up to 800mA of current. 7V capability allows the user to have a wide input voltage range that covers the typical Lithium battery range as well as higher 5V input voltage rails commonly found in USB power. The SP619 also can be used as a 3V or 5V power distribution switch. It is intended for power distribution applications where short circuits are likely to be encountered.

Short circuit operation

When the SP619 enters a short circuit condition, the switch is disabled. The output of the SP619 will not restart until the output impedance is greater than $15 \mathrm{K}\Omega$. The enable pin can be used to re-enable the SP619 into any load condition that is not a fault condition. Refer to the truth table on page 4 for more information on the different SP619 switch states. The typical deactivation time is about 2ms.

Enable

The enable pin allows easy control of the SP619. The enable pin should not be enabled high prior to a voltage being present on the input of the device. The enable pin should not exceed the input voltage by more than 0.1V due to an internal ESD diode. Doing so will affect the operation of the SP619 and could damage the device. In a typical application an $80K\Omega$ resistor to GND should be used on the enable pin. This resistor will pull the enable low when an enable signal is not present. This prevents the SP619 from falsely turning on. The enable pin can also be used to restart the part into a load condition that is high in current. Please refer to the truth table on page 4 for more details.

Inrush Current

The SP619 is a simple resistive switch. When the switch is turned on into a highly capacitive load there could be a significant

inrush current that can be encountered. At 6 volts in, the inrush current was about 250mA into a 100µF capacitor.

Output Voltage Rise Time

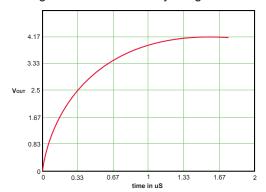
The output voltage of the SP619 has an output capacitance dependency on the slope of Vout. A simple RC circuit is created when the switch is turned on. Equation 1

$$V(t)=V_0+V_{IN}\left(\frac{-t}{1-e^{R_{DS}(O_N) \cdot C_{OUT}}}\right)$$

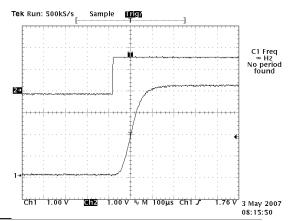
Where Vo is initial Voltage condition typically 0V

VIN is the input voltage RDS(ON) is the switch resistance COUT is the output capacitance

For 4.2V Vin and 100µF output capacitance we get about 150ns delay in figure 2.



This is comparable to actual measured value in figure 3.

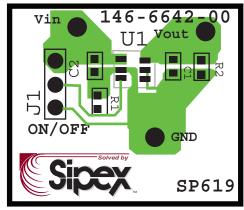


Overtemperature Protection

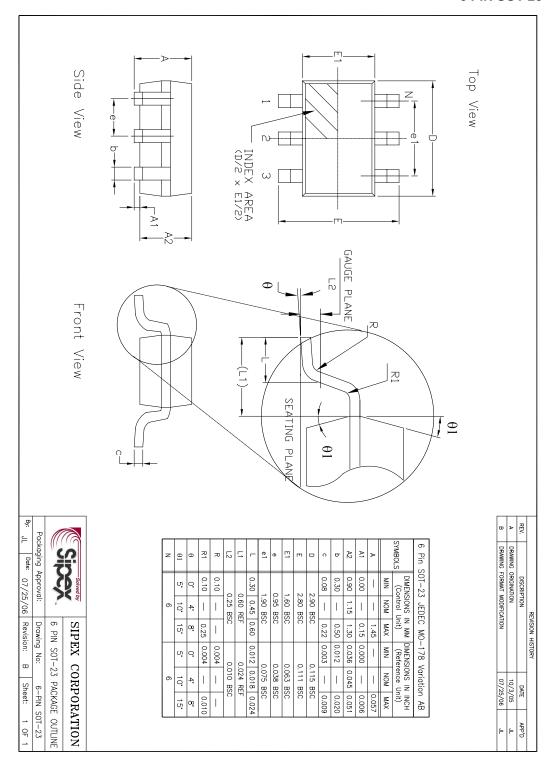
The SP619 has built-in overtemperature protection to protect the part against damage if the die temperature gets too hot. The typical thermal cutoff is about 150°C. The part will self recover if the temperature drops below the thermal restart threshold of about 120°C.

Layout Considerations

The input and output decoupling capacitors should be placed as close as possible to the input and output pins. The GND pin should be stitched to the GND plain to help with thermal performance. The input and output traces should be as large as possible. The $100 \mathrm{K}\Omega$ is also recommended in the design and should be placed close to the output decoupling cap.



Recommended Layout



ORDERING INFORMATION

Part number	Temperature range	Package Type
SP619EK-L	From -40 to +85°C	Lead Free 6 pin SOT23
SP619EK-L/TR	From -40 to +85°C	Lead Free 6 pin SOT23

For availability of "M" temperatures (-40 to +125°C) or in other packages contact factory.

/TR = Tape and Reel.

For further assistance:

Email: <u>Sipexsupport@sipex.com</u>

WWW Support page: http://www.sipex.com/content.aspx?p=support
Sipex Application Notes: http://www.sipex.com/applicationNotes.aspx



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